India does not have any unfair trad: practices. It has been consistently the policy of the government !hat there should not be unllateral judgement or action on trade matters and that this should be resolved multilaterally.

Import Duty Reduction in GATT Agreement

5316. SHRl CHIMANBHAI MKHFA :
SHRI SHANKAR DAYAL SINGH :

Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that as per GATT agreement due to import duty re duction about half of the industrial pro ducts will now enter developed countries duty free, and overall average tariff will amount to 3 to 9 per cent of the price of the end product ;

(b) whether it is also a fact that due to the above import duty cuts for import in industrial countries, developing countries, would be able to export more fruits, vegetables, flowers, dairy produes, grains and tobacco: and

(c) if so, the prospects for Indian exports, details thereof ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE. (SHRI KAMALUDDIN AHMED) : (a) to (c) According to a study done by the GATT Secretariat, after implementation of Uruguay Round results. the proportion of developed-eeonomy merchandise imports from all sources that enters duty-free would be more than double, i.e. from *20%* to *43%* This study suggests that the trede weighted average tariff on industrial pro-ducts in developed countries will cine down from 6.4% to 4%

The Uruguay Round Agreement on Agri-eul.ure envisages (i) the "tariffication" of all non-tariff border measures, a target reduction of 36 per cent in the resulting tariffs and existing customs duties, and a binding of all agricultural duties at the new levels; (ii) a 20 per cent reduction in domestic support measures (expressed in the form of an aggregate measurement of support); and (iii) reductions of 36 per cent in budgetary outlays on export subsides and reduction by 21 per cent in the quantity of subsidized exports, Adoption of these measures will enhance market access opportunities for agricultural commodities in all countries both developed and developing.

Revial of sick Tea Gardens by Tea Plantation Workers Co-operartves

5317. SHRl RAJNI RANJAN SAHU :
SHRI SUSHILKUMAR SAMBHAJIRAO SHINDE :
SHRI RAJUBHAI A. PARMAR :

Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state :

(a) whether i; is a fact that Tea plantation workers' cooperatives, in Assam, Tripura, Meghalaya and other States in North-East have been successful in not only reviving the sick tea gardens but in increasing their productivity manifold, a feat which the Tea Corporation of India had failed to achieve;

(b) f so. the details of such tea gardens; a:-:!

(C) what steps have been and are being lakcri to rromo'e such cooperative efforts to other sick tea gardens including those under the Tea Corporation ?